## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034

## B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - STATISTICS

## SECOND SEMESTER - APRIL 2010

CO 2104 / 2101 - FINAN.A/C \& FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS
Date \& Time: 22/04/2010 / 1:00-4:00 Dept. No.
Max. : 100 Marks

## SECTION A

Answer all the questions:
$(10 \times 2=20)$

1. What is narration?
2. Write any two examples of fictitious asset.
3. How is earning per share calculated?
4. What is a contra entry?
5. Give any two differences between a profit and non profit seeking concern.
6. There is no increase or decrease in working capital when cash is paid to $\qquad$ .
a. Debtors
b. Creditors
c. Shareholders
7. Pass Journal entries for the following transaction:
i. Jan 3 Paid Mr. Santhosh, the manager Rs. 25,000 as salary
ii Jan 5 The Proprietor, Mr. Ravi withdrew goods worth Rs. 10,000 for celebrating his son's birthday
8. Calculate the amount of tax paid from the following information:

31-3-2009 Provision for tax Rs.13,000
31-3-2010 Provision for tax
Rs. 10,000
Tax provided during the year is Rs. 7,000
9. Gross profit is $20 \%$ on sales; Cost of goods sold Rs. 16,00,000; Calculate sales.
10. a. Cost of heavy advertisement for a new product is a $\qquad$ expenditure.
b. Wages paid on the erection of a new machinery should be debited to $\qquad$

## SECTION B

Answer any five questions:
11. Who are the users of accounting information and why do the users need accounting information?
12. Differentiate Receipts and Payments Account from Income and Expenditure Account.
13. What is Bank reconciliation Statement? Why is it prepared?
14. From the following Particulars, determine the maximum remuneration available to a full time director of a manufacturing company.
The Profit \& loss account of the company showed a net profit of Rs. 7,00,000 after taking into account the following items:

|  |  | Rs. |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| a. | Depreciation (including special depreciation of Rs. 15,000) | 75,000 |
| b. | Donation to political parties | 20,000 |
| c. | Provision for income tax | $1,00,000$ |
| d. | Capital profit on sale of assets | 7,500 |
| e. | Ex-gratia payment to a worker | 5,000 |
| f. | Compensation paid to an injured workman | $1,40,000$ |

15. Record the following transactions in a Double Column cash book :

| 2010 |  | Rs. |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| March |  | $2,00,000$ |
| 1 | Started business with cash | 10,000 |
| 2 | Paid for the purchase of furniture from M/s Raj \& Co. | 700 |
| 5 | Paid insurance premium | 250 |
| 6 | Drew cash for personal use | 10,000 |
| 7 | Purchased goods from Naresh | 7,000 |
| 9 | Cash sales to Venkat | 1,000 |
| 11 | Purchased stationery |  |
| 14 | Mohan, a customer paid cash Rs. 950 in full |  |

16. From the following particulars, prepare Income and expenditure account:

Fees collected, (including Rs. 80,000 on account of the previous year)
Fees for the year outstanding
Salary paid,( including Rs. 3,000 on account of the previous year) Rs. 28,000
Salary outstanding at the end of the year
Rs. 1,000
Entertainment expenses
Rs. $\quad 3,000$
Tournament expenses
Meeting expenses
Rs. 12,000
Travelling expenses
Rs. 18,000
Purchase of books and periodicals,
(including Rs. 19,000 for purchase of books) Rs. 29,000
Postage
Rs. 1,500
Printing and stationery
Rs. 4,000
Donations received(to be capitalized)
Rs. 20,000
17. Prepare a trial balance of Mr. Milton for the month of March 2010
Rs. Rs. Rs.
$\begin{array}{lrlrlr}\text { Capital } & 9,20,000 & & \text { Cash at bank } & 1,45,340 & \text { Purchases } \\ \text { Creditors } & 1,88,520 & & 8,55,220 \\ \text { Salls receivable } & 58,440 & \text { Bills payable } & 76,300 \\ \text { Interest (Cr) } & 12,18,500 & & \text { Carriage inward } & 2,910 & \text { Carriage outwards } \\ \text { Insurance } & 3,800 & \text { General expenses } & 60,850 & \text { Building } & 7,00,000 \\ \text { Debtors } & 1,56,000 & \text { Machinery } & 1,20,000 & \text { Furniture } & 16,400 \\ \text { Bad debts } & 6,130 & \text { Audit fees } & 1,50,400 & \text { Cash in hand } & 9,880 \\ \text { Discount (Dr) } & 6,200 & \text { Sales returns } & 2,850 & \text { Travelling expenses } & 3,250 \\ & & & \text { Investments } & 89,220\end{array}$
18. Record the following transactions in the proper subsidiary books of Flora \& Co.,

Feb 2 Purchased from Hari, Trade discount @ 10\%
20 tins Ghee @ Rs. 100 per tin
40 bags Sugar @ Rs. 50 per bag
3 Sold to sunil, Trade discount @ 5\% 5 tins Ghee @ Rs. 250 per tin
4 Purchased furniture from Godrej Rs. 6,000
5 Returned to Hari
2 tins Ghee; 4 bags of sugar
$7 \quad$ Purchased for cash 5 bags sugar @ Rs. 50 per bag
8 Sunil returned 1 tin Ghee
9 Sold an old delivery van for Rs. 1,00,000
11 Sold to Ram, Trade discount @ 5\%
10 bags of sugar @Rs 65 per bag

## SECTION C

Answer any two question :
19. From the following Balance Sheets of XYZ Ltd., Prepare a Cash flow Statement Balance Sheets

| Liabilities | 2008 | 2009 | Assets | 2008 | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Equity Share capital | 2,00,000 | 3,00,000 | Goodwill | 1,00,000 | 90,000 |
| Preference share |  |  | Building | 2,15,000 | 1,70,000 |
| Capital | 2,50,000 | 2,00,000 | Plant | 80,000 | 2,00,000 |
| General reserve | 40,000 | 70,000 | Debtors | 1,50,000 | 2,10,000 |
| Profit \& Loss Account | 30,000 | 38,000 | Stock | 70,000 | 90,000 |
| Proposed dividend | 40,000 | 50,000 | Prepaid |  |  |
| Creditors | 40,000 | 80,000 | expenses | 20,000 | 30,000 |
| Bills Payable | 20,000 | 10,000 | Cash | 15,000 | --- |
| Provision for tax | 40,000 | 50,000 | Bank | 10,000 | 8,000 |
|  | 6,60,000 | 7,98,000 |  | 6,60,000 | 7,98,000 |

Additional information:

1. Depreciation of Rs. 20,000 and Rs. 25,000 has been charged on Buildings and Plant respectively in 2009
2. Dividend paid during the year Rs. 20,000
3. Income tax Rs. 35,000 was paid during the year 2009
4. With the help of the following ratios regarding Indus Ltd, draw the Balance Sheet of the company for the year 2009:

Current ratio
Liquidity ratio
Net working capital
Stock turnover ratio
(cost of sales/ closing stock)
Gross profit ratio
Fixed assets turnover ratio
(on cost of sales)
Debt collection period
Fixed assets to shareholder's networth
Reserves and surplus to Capital
2.5
1.5

Rs. 3,00,000
6 times
20\%
2 times
2 months
0.80
0.50
21. The trial balance of Mr. Saravanan as on March 31, 2010:

| Particulars | Debit Balances Rs. | Credit balances Rs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital Account |  | 5,00,000 |
| Loan from Durai |  | 2,00,000 |
| Sales |  | 72,00,000 |
| Discount received |  | 5,000 |
| Sundry creditors |  | 2,00,000 |
| Purchases | 70,08,000 |  |
| Salaries | 42,000 |  |
| Carriage on purchases | 4,000 |  |
| Carriage on sales | 5,000 |  |
| Factory Lighting | 3,000 |  |
| Insurance | 4,000 |  |
| Buildings | 2,70,000 |  |
| Furniture | 60,000 |  |
| Sundry Debtors | 80,000 |  |
| Cash on hand | 2,500 |  |
| Cash at bank | 15,000 |  |
| Stock (31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2009) | 6,11,500 |  |
|  | 81,05,000 | 81,05,000 |

Additional information:
a. Stock on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2010 was Rs. $8,73,500$
b. Insurance has been prepaid to the extent of Rs. 400
c. Bad debts written off Rs. 50
d. Provide $4 \%$ for doubtful debts
e. Depreciate on Buildings @5\% and Furniture @ 10\%
f. Salary outstanding Rs. 6,000

Prepare Trading Account and Profit and loss Account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2010 and a Balance Sheet as on that date.

